



Non-operative Shoulder Dislocation/Instability

MAYO

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Phase	Goals	Precautions/Restrictions	Treatment
Weeks 0-4	 Decrease pain/inflammation Protect healing capsular structures Initiate non-painful range of motion Minimize muscle atrophy 	 No excessive arm motions Sling or immobilizer for comfort as prescribed by MD, wean out as directed Anterior instability: Do not push into ER or horizontal abduction Posterior instability: Avoid excessive IR or horizontal adduction 	 Gentle ROM in non-painful arc only, no stretching Flexion, scaption, ER, IR Pendulums Isometric shoulder strengthening Rhythmic stabilization Anterior instability: initiate modified closed kinetic chain Cryotherapy Cardiovascular training without arm use
Weeks 4-8	 Full pain-free ROM Regain and progress strength Normalize arthrokinematics Enhance proprioception, dynamic stabilization, and NM control of shoulder 	• Minimize stress to healing structures	 Progress ROM activities as able Initiate isotonic strengthening Emphasis on ER and scapular strength Neuromuscular control of shoulder complex Progress to mid and end range motions, PNF, open and closed kinetic chain Cardiovascular with arm use and core training Cryotherapy as needed
Weeks 8-12	 Progress NM control, strength, endurance, power Prepare for activity 	• Avoid excessive stress on joint capsule	 Initiate full range strengthening Progress end range stabilization drills Advance NM drills Advance endurance training Initiate plyometric training
Weeks 12+	 Optimize strength, power, and endurance Progress activity level for full functional return to activity/sport 	 Focus on form and control during exercise performance Use of appropriate work rest intervals Assess tolerance to activity during, after and 24 hours after activity Consider stabilizing brace for contact sports or if deemed appropriate by patient and physician 	 Progress isotonic strengthening Resume normal lifting program (with MD clearance)
Return to Sport (Timeframe determined by MD)	 Evaluation of Participation Risk Type of sport/activity, level of competition, ability to protect shoulder, timing in the season Age, gender (female higher risk), arm dominance Type of instability (sublux or dislocation), presence of bone loss 	Return to Play Criteria •Full pain-free passive and active ROM •ER:IR strength >66% on isokinetic or HHD testing •No pain or instability with provocative tests •Functional tests •Throwing performance, CKCUEXT, UEX Y-balance, Single arm shotput	

This protocol is not meant to be prescriptive but a recommendation to guide the rehabilitation process. Each patient's progress may vary based on specifics to their injury and procedure.



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